

ALLIES FIGHT WITH MUD UP TO THEIR SHOULDERS

# The Daily Mirror

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**"BACK TO THE ARMY AGAIN SERGEANTS!": VETERAN OF 65  
WHO IS EAGER TO GO TO THE FRONT.**

P. 16848



Sergeant-Major Ushar points out how bread should be made, while his old friend and colleague Cripps produces some appetising loaves which he has baked.

P. 16848



(A) Staff-Sergeant Cripps, aged sixty-five, enlisted 1872. (B) Sergeant-Major Hewitt, aged fifty-eight, enlisted 1877. (C) Sergeant-Major Ushar, aged fifty-five, enlisted 1873.

"Your King and Country Need You" is emblazoned on every hoarding, but many young men who are fit and well pass by the posters, preferring to remain deaf to the call. But not so these three splendid old sergeants, who insisted on re-enlisting. At

present they are doing good work by training Kitchener's men, but they hope to go to the front before the war is over. For if a man is only as old as he feels these three are still young.—(Daily Mirror photographs.)



## DOCTOR'S SEIZURE OF MEAT FOR TROOPS.

Messrs. Lyons Summoned Regarding Contract at White City.

### 12CWT. DESTROYED.

Three summonses, in respect of meat supplied by Messrs. Joseph Lyons and Co., Ltd., of Cadby Hall, for the use of troops in training at the White City, were heard yesterday at the West London Police Court before Mr. Fordham.

The summonses were issued at the instance of Dr. J. B. Howell, medical officer of health for Hammersmith.

The allegation was that on December 3, at the White City, 12 cwt. of meat, intended for the food of the men, was seized by the medical officer of health, and was subsequently taken before Mr. P. Hunter, J.P., and condemned as unfit for human consumption.

The offences alleged in the summonses were that the meat had been actually sold, deposited for sale and deposited for preparation for the purposes of sale.

The Court was crowded, and several officers in khaki, including two staff officers, occupied seats to the left and right of the magistrate.

I submit this is a case which must be dealt with in an exemplary fashion to prevent any repetition," declared Mr. Stewart Beavan, who appeared for the prosecution.

Before the defence was outlined the hearing was adjourned for a fortnight.

### CONTRACT TO FEED 12,000.

Mr. Stewart Beavan, opening the case for the prosecution, said he was afraid the investigation of the charge must necessarily involve a somewhat searching inquiry as to the condition under which, on the date, Messrs. Lyons and Company were carrying out their obligation under a contract to feed the large body of troops quartered at the White City.

For some months past the White City had been an encampment for a large body of troops, some where like 12,000.

On October 17, 1914, arrangements were made with Messrs. Lyons for catering for the troops by a contract at the price of 1s. 9d. per head per day.

Early on December 3, continued Mr. Beavan, a man named Skinner, who was Messrs. Lyons' head cook in charge of one of the kitchens, sent a soldier named Norris to the store to bring the meat to the kitchen. The meat had been brought in the night before.

Norris and some men who went with him noticed that the meat smelt very offensively, but they carried to the kitchen twelve trays of it, as they had been ordered.

It was then at once found—at least by the military men present—that it was wholly unfit for human food, as it was discoloured and was wet and sodden.

Norris at once spoke to Skinner, pointing out that the meat was unfit for food, and went to find an officer.

Skinner had agreed that the meat was bad, and Norris on his return was surprised to find that a large portion of the meat was in process of being cooked.

Later Captain Caley examined the meat and directed that it must not be cooked. He saw Messrs. Lyons' representative, who did not seem to agree that the meat was bad.

He at once sent for Dr. J. B. Howell, the medical officer of health, who pronounced the meat to be bad.

On the premises he met Mr. Gluckstein, one of the directors of Messrs. Lyons, who admitted that the meat was "sweetened."

Dr. Howell then said he would seize the meat and have it condemned and Mr. Gluckstein agreed that it should be destroyed.

### COUNSEL'S PROTEST.

The first witness was Rifleman Norris, who said that one of the officers began smoking as soon as he saw the meat.

Mr. Pollock: You can draw any inference that you like from the fact that any officer lights up a cigarette anywhere at any time.

The Magistrate: Anywhere, except in church.

Mr. Pollock said Messrs. Lyons felt that the charge was a very serious one, made a protest serious by the language used by counsel for the prosecution, for it was suggested that Messrs. Lyons and Co. were utterly callous. He protested against the statement about the smoking.

The Magistrate: Everyone will recognise that it does not require a bad smell to make an officer light a cigarette.

Sergeant Alfred Sadler said that the meat had been passed earlier in the morning by Captain Colmar, but he added, "it was in the dark or in the early morning."

Counsel: Perhaps he had a cold?—It must have been a very bad cold.

Captain Frederick Caley, 2nd London Sanitary Company of the R.A.M.C., admitted that meat which might have passed inspection one night might fail to pass next morning.

The store was not an ideal place for keeping food. Its proximity to the kitchen probably gave it a high temperature.

The Magistrate: If Messrs. Lyons knew that it was a poor place to keep meat in it was somewhat negligent not to have examined the meat in the morning before it was taken out to cook.

Mr. Pollock said he hoped to throw a different light on this aspect of the case.

### TODAY'S WEATHER.

For England, S.E.—Changeable; some rain or sleet; fair at times; temperature moderately low.

## PLEA OF EXTREME PIETY.

Germany's Measures Against Cardinal "Were Due to Christian Feelings."

### FORBIDDEN TO LEAVE CITY.

ROME, Jan. 8.—The German Government has given the Vatican an explanation of its treatment of Cardinal Mercier, in which it is declared that there is absolutely no foundation for the assertion that he was ever arrested, or even confined to his own palace, or prevented from leaving it.

The communication adds that the German authorities simply addressed to Cardinal Mercier a most deferential request that he should abstain from any attitude which, by compromising the accomplishment of their duty, would ultimately involve a serious risk of harm to the population itself.

"In taking this action," the explanation proceeds, "the German authorities intended also to fulfil a Christian principle, which must be especially dear to ministers of the Church, namely, 'avoid the shedding of blood,' since anything likely to lead, even indirectly, to tumults rendered severe measures necessary."—Reuter.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8.—The Roosendaal correspondent of the *Tyd* reports that the printer of Cardinal Mercier's pastoral letter, M. Dessain, has been fined £25, with the alternative of fifty days' imprisonment.

The correspondent declares that Cardinal Mercier will soon declare personally that in his own palace he was deprived of his personal freedom, that he was submitted to a kind of interment, that his palace was guarded by military, and that he is still forbidden to leave Malines.

Minutes of the interrogation were sent to Berlin.—Reuter.



Viscount Ingestre, whose death from pneumonia, following an attack of influenza, occurred yesterday. He was the eldest son of the Earl of Shrewsbury.

## WHY COAL COSTS MORE.

War's Grip on Transport System—Carmen and Loaders at Front.

Why should the price of coal be raised an extra shilling a ton when there is an abundant supply in the country?

Such is the problem which was yesterday perplexing the mind of the frugal householder.

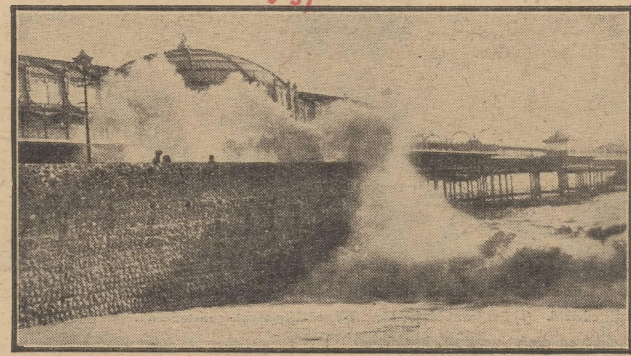
An explanation was given to *The Daily Mirror* yesterday by a representative of a leading London coal merchant.

"The rise is entirely due to transport difficulties," he pointed out.

The Government having taken an enormous number of coal-carrying vessels for war purposes, and having also blocked the railways with troops and stores, we cannot get the supply through with the accustomed expedition.

As for carmen and loaders, we simply cannot get them, most of the men being reservists.

The price of coal yesterday ranged from 28s. to 32s. per ton.



Rough seas are being experienced along the south coast, and the picture shows a big wave breaking over Brighton Pier.

## MAN AT THE SALES.

Wife Buys One Article in Day and Husband Twenty in Hour.

### LIGHTNING CUSTOMER.

With woman shopping at a sale is a pleasure; with man it is business.

As it is human nature to linger over pleasure rather than business, woman is as slow as a snail at the sales, while man is as quick as greased lightning.

A representative of *The Daily Mirror* went out yesterday just after breakfast with a man friend who announced that he was going shopping at the sales.

The friend's wife was also going shopping, but she went alone and in her own way.

"Come along, old chap," said the friend, "let's buzz along in a taxi cab."

In the cab he murmured, "I'm going to spring a surprise on the wife. Just a little present—and I think she'll be pleased."

They reached the first shop and hurried inside. The young women behind the counters were inclined to yawn, and they were still uncertain as to how their hair was arranged.

The lightning customer pulled a newspaper out of his pocket, and pointing to an advertisement illustration of a set of furs, said: "I want a set of these, please. Just like this one others!"

The furs were produced and examined without delay.

"Of course, we're a set of another—" began the pretty saleswoman.

"Never mind—these will do," and he paid for them.

They were in the cab again. They were in another shop. They had bought a set of silver hair brushes.

As he left the shop the customer said over his shoulder that he did not want to look at tortoiseshell hair brushes. He had come for silver. He had got silver. He was satisfied.

And then there were things for the children and some things for the man himself.

Altogether he bought twenty articles and spent exactly an hour in purchasing them. He looked at his watch.

"Well, by-by, old chap; I'm off to business."

When he came back to dinner at home in the evening he met his wife on the doorstep, and she said:

"Oh, my dear, I feel so tired. Absolutely worn out. I've been shopping all day, and will you believe there's only one little thing I've seen that I could really fancy."

Nevertheless, she had thoroughly enjoyed herself.

## "MARQUIS'S" MARRIAGES.

Bigamy Charge as Result of Action by a Girl's Trustees.

Said to have posed as the Marquis de Lafayette, Raymond Frank de Lafayette Biard, who is alleged to have gone through a ceremony of marriage with Jehanne Home-Douglas, a ward in Chancery, while his wife was alive, was again remanded at Marylebone yesterday.

Mr. Harold Pearce, for the prosecution, said that on July 23, 1908, prisoner was married by special licence, according to the rites of the Church of England, at St. James's Church, in Jersey, to Eliza Mary Price, and gave his age as nineteen.

He lived with her for some time, and in 1913 he became acquainted with the family of Home-Douglas at Dinard. There were two daughters, the younger of whom was sixteen years of age.

On July 20 last the prisoner went through a form of marriage at St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, Winchester, with Jehanne Home-Douglas.

The girl was entitled to a settlement, and the trustees gave information to the police.

Referring to the prisoner's reply to the charge, counsel said that in Jersey law a marriage was not rendered invalid in the absence of the parents' consent, but it might involve disinheritance.

Mr. Freke Palmer, for the accused, stated that he could call witnesses to say that the prisoner understood his marriage was not a valid one, and that he had told his own wife so.

Mr. Palmer added that the prisoner had the right to the title of marquis.

## HOUSEWIFE CRITICS OF WAR BUDGETS.

Families' Struggles Against the Increase in Cost of Living.

### SUNDAY "FEAST."

The remarkable war budget for British families of five—husband and wife and three children between the ages of about three to ten—who have to live on a weekly allowance of 35s. per week, which was drawn up for *The Daily Mirror* by Mr. C. Herman Senn, the well-known culinary expert, has aroused widespread interest.

Any number of letters from interested housewives have reached us, and, like other Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr. Senn has many critics.

One of the main contentions is that the prices quoted are local and not universal. "Practically the whole of the correspondence shows a struggle against the increased cost of living which has brought no commensurate increase in wages."

### OATMEAL AND KIPPER PROBLEMS.

A reader from Edmonton questions whether it is possible to buy a pound and a half of meat for 7d., as quoted by Mr. Senn.

It will be remembered that 1lb. of oatmeal was allowed for a family in the budget, and the same reader states that three children would at three meals only have about a teaspoonful of oatmeal each.

A reader from West Kensington also questions the meat prices, and considers 2s. 8d. as a baker's bill for a family of five does not allow for sufficient bread now that a 4lb. loaf costs 7d.

This reader also questions the price of kippers, given as eight for 9d. She says they now cost 3d. a pair.

A reader from Hastings says that kippers and blotters cannot be purchased there for less than 2d. each.

### RENT ALLOWANCE.

In Mr. Senn's budget the rent is given at 8s. a week, and several correspondents think that no family of five can be properly housed at such a rental except in the most extreme squallor.

A reader from Islington provides a remarkable little budget of his own. He has a wife and six little children, all under thirteen years of age.

His wages are only 15s. a week and his food, so that for the best part of the week there is a family of seven to consider. Some of the family items of expenditure are:—

	s.	d.		s.	d.
Rent .....	5	9	Bread .....	0	6½
Machine .....	1	6	Jam .....	0	01
Flank of beef .....	1	6	Tea .....	0	06
Potatoes .....	0	2	Milk .....	0	01
Greens .....	0	2			

All this expenditure is laid out for the Sunday, and the family exists on the slender residue until the following Saturday, and the writer concludes:—"All of us are as well as can be expected."

### "WHAT THEY DO NOT LIKE."

Another reader does not consider 4lb. of salt flank of beef a good staple dish for a family with children, because children do not like the fat foods.

She thinks a meat pie or pudding with vegetables makes a far more nourishing meal.

Again, this housewife contends that half a shoulder of mutton would go farther than the 4lb. of flank of beef, while the bone would afterwards be of use in the stock pot.

Further, she contends that 1½lb. of sugar would not be sufficient to sweeten tea, cocoa and puddings for this family of five's weekly meals.

Another objection is taken to the sheep's head item in Mr. Senn's family budget.

This is priced at 1s., and it is contended that twopennyworth of bones and sixpennyworth of pieces would make as much soup and a far more substantial dinner.

One housewife asks for a detailed schedule how she can best keep herself and six children on £1 a week. She has to pay £30 a year in rent and buy clothes and coal.

Another reader asks for a detailed schedule on how best to keep a family of six on 18s. a week.

Coals in this reader's neighbourhood are 1s. 8d. per cwt. and bread 6½d. a quarter loaf.

### TRENCH TRUCKS FORBIDDEN.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8.—The *Taegliche Rundschau*, in a long article, points out the danger which lies in fraternisation between Germans and French. "Grass is being cut as were recently exchanged between the trenches."

"War is no sport," the journal says, "and we are sorry to say that those who made these overtures or took part in them did not clearly understand the gravity of the situation."

These considerations did not escape the attention of the army authorities, and the newspaper states with great satisfaction that an army order issued on December 29 forbids for the future similar fraternisation and any rapprochement with the enemy in the trenches. All acts contrary to this order will be punished as high treason.—Reuter.

### INTERESTING ROMANCE.

The engagement is announced between Reginald Nicholson, of Hurley, Berks, son of the late William Norris Nicholson, and Natalie, only daughter of Dr. and Mrs. F. Stark Pearson, of Great Barrington, Mass., and Coombe House, Kingston Hill, Surrey.



# ALLIES CAPTURE GERMAN REDOUBT AND TWO LINES OF TRENCHES

## Enemy Now in Fear of British Landing on Belgian Coast.

## BATTLE RAGING NEAR ST. GEORGES.

## French Trenches Blown Up by Germans in the Argonne—Bayonet Battle.

## GUNS MOUNTED ON SEASIDE TENNIS COURTS.

Another marked success by the Allies was officially reported last night.

The announcement is made in the Paris communiqué that north of Soissons, about thirty-five miles from Rheims, and the centre of so much desperate fighting, the Allies carried a German redoubt and in succession won two lines of trenches and reached a third line.

Three counter-attacks were delivered by the enemy, but all failed.

Knee-deep mud in the trenches is quite normal, but the troops fighting near Arras have recently been up to their shoulders in mud!

The French official report issued yesterday says that these much-tried troops had to evacuate their trenches without being attacked by the Germans. Naturally such trenches were untenable.

The communiqué shows that the Allies are advancing along the Belgian coast and are gradually approaching Ostend.

Between Lombaertzyde and Westende and near St. Georges the battle still rages.

The Germans fear a landing of British troops to attack their coast positions. The commander at Knoeke, indeed, has told his troops to expect it.

Guns have been placed on the dunes, and the dyke at Knoeke has four of them. The enemy is "feverish" in his strengthening of defences, and his 42cm. guns adorn the tennis court at Duynberghen.

## ALLIES MAKING PROGRESS TOWARDS OSTEND.

## How the Mud Drove Troops from Trenches While Germans Made No Attack.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—The following communiqué was issued here this evening:—

To the north of Soissons we have carried a German redoubt and captured two lines of trenches in succession and reached a third line.

On three occasions the Germans returned to the offensive, but failed.

In the Argonne a very violent German attack near Haute Chevauchée obliged us at first to fall back along a front of about half a mile, but we delivered a counter-attack and reoccupied our positions.—Reuter.

### ADVANCE FROM ST. GEORGES.

PARIS, Jan. 8.—This afternoon's French communiqué says:—

The enemy's artillery throughout yesterday displayed much activity in Belgium and in the region of Arras.

The French artillery replied with spirit and effectiveness.

Our infantry made some progress near Lombaertzyde.

Fifty yards in front of our trenches we carried a hillock occupied by the enemy.

East of Saint Georges we gained some ground, and we inflicted serious damage on the enemy's trenches in the vicinity of Steenstraete.

In the sector of Arras in the wood of Herthouvet we were obliged, without being attacked, to evacuate certain portions of our trenches, where our men were up to their shoulders in mud.

### ENEMY SILENCED.

To the left of La Boisselle our line of trenches was carried forward and we occupied the road from La Boisselle to Aveluy.

In the valley of the Aisne the artillery duel has been fairly lively. Our heavy artillery obtained good results near Blanc Sablon.

The enemy's mine-throwers inflicted losses on us, but in the afternoon we silenced the German fire.

In the sector of Rheims west of the Bois des Zouaves we blew up a blockhouse and occupied a fresh trench 200 yards in advance of our lines. The infantry engagement between Betheny and Prunay was extremely stubborn. The Germans left many dead on the field. Our losses were trifling.

Between Jonchery-sur-Suippe and Souain we silenced, after repeated attempts, the enemy's artillery, wrecked his trenches and destroyed his breastworks.

In the Argonne, west of Haute Chevauchée, the enemy blew up by means of mines our first

line of trenches, which were completely wrecked.

A violent attack which the enemy immediately delivered was repulsed with the bayonet. We made some prisoners and maintained our front, except for a distance of eighty yards, where the wrecking of the trenches obliged us to establish our line twenty yards in the rear.

On the heights of the Meuse and between the Meuse and the Moselle there is nothing to report. A gale was blowing all day.

In Alsace our offensive continued in the region of Thann and Altkirch, and we achieved important results there.

We recaptured the trenches on the eastern flank of Hill 425 where the enemy had succeeded in re-establishing himself two days ago.

We then won some ground to the east of these trenches.

Further south we carried Burnhaupt le Haut. At the same time we advanced in the direction of Pont d'Aspach and of the Kahlberg.

The enemy's artillery, which had attempted without success to reach our batteries, gave up firing on them with the sole object of bombarding the hospital of Thann, which has been evacuated.—Reuter.

### "BATTLE RAGING."

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8.—The *Telegraaf* publishes the following from Sluis, dated January 7:—

"During the night of Wednesday heavy gun-firing was again audible from the Yser.

"Between Lombaertzyde and Westende and near St. Georges the battle continues to rage.

## AWAITING THE BRITISH.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8.—The *Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant* learns from Sluis that reliable eye-witnesses state that the Germans are continuing with feverish activity their defence works on the shores of the North Sea between Knoeke and Heyst to a point very close to the Dutch frontier.

Knoeke is garrisoned by some 1,500 German troops.

So far four guns have been placed on the dyke behind the dunes.

The German military commander at Knoeke had informed his men that a landing of British troops might be expected, and that then there would certainly be a severe battle along the shore between Knoeke, Heyst, Zeebrugge and Blankenbergh.

Heyst is garrisoned by about 3,000 troops.

On the tennis courts at Duynberghen 42cm. guns have been placed, while a very strong battery dominates the shore from the dunes.

Duynberghen has been entirely evacuated by its population.

At numerous places windows have been taken out and machine-guns placed in the houses.

All the machine guns are trained down the road from Knoeke to Heyst, along which all traffic is prohibited and effectually interrupted by barbed wire.—Reuter.

## AUSTRIA'S NOTE TO ITALY

CRIMASSO (Italian Frontier), Jan. 8.—The Milan newspaper *Secolo* is informed that Count Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian Minister for Foreign Affairs, has sent to Baron Sonnino, the Italian Foreign Minister, a Note protesting against Italy's occupation of Valona, the Albanian port in the Adriatic.

Baron Sonnino has replied in firm and energetic terms.

In September last Prince William of Wied had to leave from Albania, the Albanians having from the first resented the way in which their destinies had been decided by outsiders—that is to say, the Powers.

Since September the country has been in a most disturbed condition. Italy recently occupied Valona, to which Greece has also sent a battalionship.

The King, it was announced last night, has approved the appointment of Field-Marshal Lord Methuen as Governor and Commander-in-Chief of Malta in succession to General Sir Leslie Rundle. The appointment is a temporary one.



The Lord Mayor and Lady Mayoress gave a tea party yesterday to children whose fathers are at the front. The picture shows three of the little guests. —(“Daily Mirror” photograph.)

## HOW DASHING COSSACKS SABRED THE TURKS.

## Further Details of Great Ottoman Rout—Trophies in Snow-Clad Heaps.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 8.—The following official communiqué from the Russian General Staff in the Caucasus was issued here to-day:—

In the fighting at Ardagan we defeated and dispersed those elements of the Ottoman Army which formed part of the first army corps quartered at Constantinople.

We seized a large amount of war booty. We also took prisoners several dozen officers and many soldiers. We buried over 1,500 bodies of the enemy.

A regiment of Siberian Cossacks delivered a brilliant charge, sabred several companies and captured the flag of the Eighth Regiment of Infantry.

It is confirmed that the 9th Ottoman Corps, 30,000 strong, suffered a complete rout, having been utterly destroyed near Sarkanyash.

We seized the entire artillery of this corps, all the generals, more than 300 officers and several thousand Askaris; that is to say, all that remained of the corps.

Our energetic pursuit of the remains of the 10th Turkish Corps is ceaselessly adding to these trophies.—Reuter.

### BOMBARDED BY RUSSIAN FLEET.

ROME, Jan. 8.—An official message from Constantinople states that the Russian Fleet has bombarded Sinope, sinking all the ships in port.

The Turks have shelled Russian troops at Makralli.—Central News.

[Sinope.—On the north coast of Asia Minor. Has an arsenal and dockyard.]

### AUSTRIANS ADMIT RETREAT.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 8.—The official communiqué issued yesterday afternoon in Vienna says: In the Carpathian forest districts and in the most southern and advanced positions consideration for the safety of our troops made it necessary for us to retreat towards the main passes before the numerical superiority of the hostile forces.—Reuter.

## THE PRINCE LEADS.

LEITCHWORTH, Jan. 8.—The Prince of Wales, according to letters just received, led the Hertfordshire Territorials to the trenches on Boxing Day in a memorable march of twenty miles.

The column, of 3,000, was headed by the Herts Regiment with the Prince at their head. Their fine marching abilities have earned them the name of “the Herts Greyhounds.” The Herts Regiment relieved the Indians on New Year's Day.

## BRITAIN'S REPLY TO U.S.

It is stated with regard to the American Note that an interim reply has been framed and was dispatched on Thursday night.

The reply in detail has not yet been delivered, and the interim answer is understood to be very general in character, but also very friendly and frank.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Late to-day Mr. Bryan, the Secretary of State, announced the receipt of Great Britain's Note in reply to the American communication. The Note will be made public on Sunday afternoon by mutual agreement between the State Department and the Foreign Office.—Reuter.

## POST FOR LORD METHUEN.

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## WHAT FOLLOWS IF THE RECRUITING DROPS?

## Lord Haldane Says Britain Is

## Nowhere Near Compulsory Service.

## SECRETS OF BIG GUNS.

Are you getting the men? Do you want more men?

Are you satisfied with the present methods? And, if not, what steps do you propose to take?

If the supply of men fails, what do you propose to do?

These were the very plain questions put to the Government by Lord Curzon in the House of Lords last night.

The subject of recruiting was raised by Lord Midleton, a former Minister of War.

Lord Lucas, on behalf of the Government, replied:—

“I am absolutely unable to state the numbers of men recruited since the beginning of the war. Nothing that can be said in your Lordships' House could draw the figures from me.”

### SCOTLAND'S LEAD.

Viscount Midleton emphasised the necessity of relieving public anxiety in this matter.

To say indefinitely “We want men” did not give them much information.

After the first three months of war the numbers per 10,000 who had joined were, said Lord Midleton, as follow:—

In the Eastern districts of Scotland they had 237 per 10,000 population. That was the highest figure.

Next came the counties of Warwick, Gloucester and Leicester with 196 per 10,000, then Lancashire with 178, the Home Counties 155, Yorkshire, Northumberland and Durham 135, Cheshire 125, and the North of Ireland, with which was incorporated the maritime counties of Dublin, Kildare and Carlow, with 127.

Afterwards came the North of Scotland with ninety-three, the West of England with eighty, and last of all the South and West of Ireland with thirty-two.

### "DUTY OF EVERY SUBJECT."

An important statement on compulsory military service was made by Lord Haldane, who said that he had felt all along that it was the duty of this country to frame a naval and military organisation which was capable of expansion. He continued:—

“So far we see no reason to anticipate a breakdown in the voluntary system.”

“By the common law of the country it is the duty of every subject of the realm to assist in repelling an invasion. It is no novel principle.

“Compulsory service is not foreign to the Constitution of the country, and given a great national emergency I can quite conceive a state of things in which it might be our duty to resort to it.

In time of peace it would be a bad thing, and I do not think at this moment it would be a good thing.

“It has not yet become a necessity or anything like it.

“We have great hopes that we shall be able to solve our problem without recourse to it owing to the magnificent response now being made in a time of national necessity.”

“I think that the men we now get are better than the dead levee we should obtain under a system of compulsory service.”

### BRITAIN'S BIG GUNS.

The Government, he added, would not adopt such a system without the very gravest consideration.

Referring to technical problems of the war, Lord Haldane said that in the few months before the war we and our Allies were left behind in respect of great guns.

All that he could now say was that since they discovered the new 24-inch gun, the idea embodied in them Great Britain had not been behind.

Efforts were now being made, regardless of expense, by the most expert people in this country, to produce what should be a satisfactory equivalent for the new form of weapon that the enemy had put in the field.

### SIR ROGER CASEMENT.

Lord Curzon asked whether Sir Roger Casement, who had been guilty of very disloyal practices in Germany, was still in receipt of his pension.

Lord Crewe, in reply, said that with regard to the question of recruiting they had to remember that the end of war might depend on economic factors as well as on military ones, and it might therefore be better in the end to keep certain of our industries fully occupied than to send a few thousand extra men to the field.

Though the Government, he added, “do not regard compulsion as being within the landscape, as we now see it, those who are qualified to form opinions on this subject do not forget to consider the matter in all its bearings.”

Lord Crewe added that he had no particular information as to Sir Roger Casement.

If Sir Roger Casement had done what he was reported to have done his course of conduct ought to be followed by severe penalties.



## HE WHO EXCUSES, ACCUSES.



Germany, finding herself condemned by the whole civilised world for her great crime, is trying, with but poor success, to prove that she is blameless. This cartoon shows Russia and John Bull driving France and Belgium to their doom.

## THE NEWSGIRL.



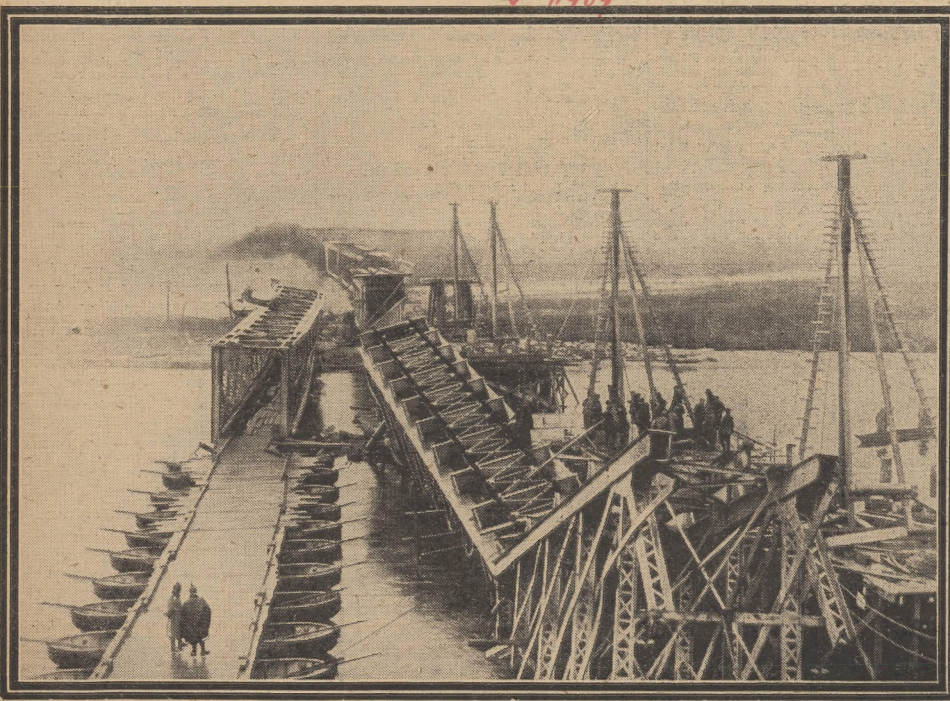
Girls are being employed at London bookstalls, as so many of the young men are with the colours.

## MET IN THE TRENCHES.



Private Thomas Aspin and his son Thomas, of Blackburn, who recently met in the trenches in France.

## BRIDGE THE GERMANS WISH THEY HAD NOT DESTROYED.



Early in the war Germany destroyed a large number of the bridges in Poland, but she has found this greatly to her disadvantage, as she now requires them for her own use. This fine bridge, spanning a wide river, was completely demolished, and in the picture Engineers are seen rebuilding it.

# JONES & HIGGINS' Great Stocktaking SALE

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JANUARY 11**

At 9 a.m. prompt.

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comprising, as it does, everything for ladies', gent's and children's wear, also Household Furnishings and Requisites of every description— noted at all times for Reliable Quality and Low Prices—will be

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## TO-DAY

the premises are closed for final preparations, but a great Sale Display is on view in all the windows.

On Fridays we shall close at 9 p.m.  
On Saturdays " " " 1 p.m.

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# Daily Mirror

SATURDAY, JANUARY 9, 1915.

## THE UNPATRIOTIC PROFESSOR.

WE HEARD the other day a story of the campaigns in Poland, with a comical flavour in it, acceptable at a time when people at home find it rather hard to laugh.

It appears that a German Professor of Botany was amongst those involved in an unusually muddy conflict with the Russians in that land of pools and marshes. The Germans were scattered and the Professor found himself alone. Habit reassured itself. A few hours later, he was seen blissfully botanising on the field of battle—bending, hatless and tattered, over a "little marsh-plant yellow-green" which he had not seen till then.

Here is a reversion to type that must have seemed ugly enough to the Prussian leaders of Germany's well-drilled professorial corps, whose main business it is, as we know, to discipline a race whom the world once considered as dreamy into a sufficiently fierce and frightful frame of mind for predatory purposes. Education received late is said often to be skin-deep. No doubt the Professor mobilised in frightfulness well enough; but then the old man was, as it were, re-born over his Botany. What is to be done about this?

If one science can be so dangerous, others must be watched as well. Philosophy, it is true, can be skillfully adapted to the new needs. Since Fichte's time, it has been on the side of frightfulness, with an occasional unpatriotic touch of pacifism, as in Kant. And the physical sciences can generally receive a military application. Our War Lord and the Weasel (as the Crown Prince is, we note, popularly named in Italy) can gather the chemists about them and adapt the old revolutionary maxim—"The Republic has no need of savants"—and can say: "Gentlemen, our aim, and your aim, must be not knowledge but practice. Never mind what you *know*. What can you *do*? Make bombs? Ah, that is something worthy of our world-culture. Step forward. You shall be Most-Eminent-Lieutenant-Herr-Professor, at a high salary, at Bonn. But, mind, your discourse must be of bombs! Let us have no theoretical talk of the mystery of matter and of the qualities of star-dust."

Here War Lord turns to Weasel and consults. What can be done with a Botanist? How can Botanical truth be given a Pragmatist interpretation? Well, there are poisons and things in plants, but those good old Borgia ways of fighting the enemy are over. Perhaps on the whole this plant-grubber had better enlist.

So they dismiss him, and in his spectacles he takes to the Eastern Frontier.

Then comes this disgusting news about his conduct in that quarter. Found Botanising! We always said these Professors were a danger. The Weasel warned the War Lord that they wanted very careful watching and bringing into line; because, as anybody can see, the great danger about these sciences and arts and studies of a generalising sort is the fact that they have in their essence no national boundaries: they are plainly European and tend to reconcile and unite men in common human endeavour and disinterested longing. Now this will never do. Or it will only do, if it ever does, after the war, when the merely human shall for ever have become the predominantly German. And even then it won't do very well because plants and things like that are insufficiently national and these Professors will be apt to stray into foreign lands and we shall have them dependent upon China or Japan for their specimens. If they could be relied upon only to pluck German plants, it would be all right. But they can't. This tale of the Professor in Poland proves it. He actually kept and valued a Polish specimen. Let that be a warning. The War Lord and the Weasel are there to see that no such instance of anti-nationalism should occur in the Deutschland again. W. M.

## LOOKING THROUGH "THE MIRROR."

### IDIOMATIC FRENCH.

YOUR correspondent "T. M. Surbition" says "We shall never truly understand France until more of us know French."

I would add to that—we shall never learn French effectively till we learn it from a French newspaper. (For school use it would, of course, require bowdlerising: paragraphs of so-called "dramas"—i.e., murders—would have to be cut out. Or the advertisements only might be used for teaching purposes.) E. B.

### THEIR "CLEVERNESS."

MISS FERNE ROGERS is obviously in love with German officers in general—if not with one in particular—but if she marries a Prussian she will soon sing a different tune! I speak from personal experience. No one questions the cleverness or ability of the German officers; in

shoulders which means, "No good; I'll try someone else."

This conviction that a writing man is no good as a business man is a prejudice due to ignorance of the names and achievements of Mill, Lamb, Hawthorne, Clodd, Avebury and many others, whose work in the dual capacity of writers and business men will compare favourably with that of the best of those who are only good at business. S. L. H.

### OUR CARTOONS: A TRIBUTE FROM HOLLAND.

SOME TIME ago somebody objected to the cartoons of "the two Willies" in your paper.

Allow me to say that many people here consider them about the cleverest drawings ever produced and a great credit to the artist's wonderful talent. And if one compares them with

## FRATERNISING V. FRIGHTFULNESS: A LESSON.



The two Willies are very much annoyed about all the friendliness that prevailed in the trenches between British and Germans on Christmas Day. This will never do. The Prussian lesson of war-frightfulness must be enforced by the Willies upon the fraternising heads of the soldiers.—(By Mr. W. K. Haseldien.)

fact, it is exactly because they are so "clever" and "able" in doing so much which other civilised men shrink from doing that we British folk do not admire them.

We can but hope that the wish so graciously expressed by this grateful young lady—who was so kindly treated by us—will not be granted, and that the Huns will not win! Farnham. ONE WHO KNOWS THEM WELL.

### THE MAN WHO WRITES.

THE LETTER of your correspondent "Author" is clear, frank and cogent.

In my own case I find it impossible to convince any business man that my services would be of value to him. I write shorthand, and, having owned a typewriter for some time, consider myself something of an expert in that line. Even when I am favoured with an interview, and in reply to the question "What experience have you had?" I state that I was formerly a clergyman and latterly a lecturer and writer, I am greeted with a shrug of the

low, vulgar and sometimes blasphemous drawings published in German papers like *Simplicissimus*, one can only compliment *The Daily Mirror* and wish that Mr. Haseldien will continue to delight us with his clever and refined cartoons. M. J. I. SPEUGER. Domburg, Holland.

### OUR SAILORS.

Lord, they shame the life we live,  
These Sailors of our sea-girl tale,  
Who cheerily take what Thou mayest give,  
And go down with a heavenward smile!

The men who sow their lives to yield  
A glorious crop in lives to be,  
Who turn to England's Harvest-field  
The unfruitful furrows-of the sea.

With such a breed of men so brave,  
The Old Land has not had her day;  
But long, her strength, with crested wave,  
Shall ride the Seas, the proud old way.  
—GERALD MASSEY.

## BRITAIN AT WAR.

### How the Young Generation Will Be Affected by the Struggle.

#### CRICKET AND RIFLE CORPS.

PUBLIC opinion amongst boys is a very difficult thing to control or to understand.

At one time the Rifle Corps was certainly not fashionable in most public schools. Nobody seemed to think so much of the men who joined it as was thought of men in the school eleven. Why was this? I cannot explain. The thing is simply a question of fashion amongst boys.

And the worst of it is that it is not the smallest use trying to convince boys that a thing is worth doing if they happen already to regard it as the wrong thing according to the very narrow standard that prevails in most public schools. Boys are far more conventional than grown-up people, and they have a code of manners and morals all their own.

After the war, however, I cannot but think it very probable that the military side of things, together with a demand for military training, will take its proper place in the minds of most boys. The Rifle Corps will come to be recognized as the thing no boy can afford to neglect. It will be thought more of than cricket is now, or has been until quite lately. AN OLD SCHOOLMASTER.

#### A NEW PLAN.

I HAVE read with much interest the correspondence in your delightful paper on military training at public schools. I should like to draw "N. L.'s" attention to the fact that during the last few years, not since the war has been on, boys have been trained during what used to be work hours; those not in the O.T.C. doing the usual work.

This plan has worked admirably, in that the boys prefer to take physical rather than mental exercise. W. O. B. Edgbaston.

#### GLORY AND HORROR.

REGARDING the letter of Charlotte Brook, who claims to be "proud" to be alive at this time—proud to hear of the "glorious" deeds that are being done, may I ask the lady if she has by chance heard of any of the "glories" first hand?

Has she heard of men—human beings, made in the likeness of God—being blown to pieces?

Or of others horribly wounded waiting in agony in a railway carriage for their wounds to be attended to?

Or of the dirt and filth and the thousand other sights which would cause this "Christian" lady to recoil with horror?

Perhaps Miss Brook does not happen to have a loved one serving at the front or on the sea, and therefore knows nothing of the awful suspense of waiting to learn their fate—in the case of sailors not even knowing their whereabouts.

I think that this is a time not of "glory" but for a Christian to turn in disgust from the world and to seek consolation from God. BERNARD CHAPLIN.

### IN MY GARDEN.

JAN. 8.—The beautiful Christmas roses are now in full bloom, and some lovely bunches can be gathered.

To be successful with Christmas roses care must be taken to select a suitable site for them. Let the bed be in a half-shady place, and the soil must be of a moist, rich nature and deeply dug. Plant the roots in September or March. E. F. T.

### A THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

Make it an invariable law to yourself never to mention your own merits. When you are asked to talk of them it is plain that you want either praise or pity; for praise there is no room, and pity will do you no good.—Johnson.



# HINDENBURG'S MEN STICK IN THE MUD.

44330



General von Hindenburg, who is still vainly trying to batter his way to Warsaw, appears to have reckoned without Polish mud. The roads (some of the quagmires are scarcely worthy of the name) are in a terrible state

and the idol of Berlin is finding it impossible to move his artillery and food wagons. This is the kind of thing his transport men have to contend with. The roads have a thin coating of ice underneath which is liquid mud.

## THE NEW PASTIME.

S 11905 A



Woman taking aim at one of the shooting galleries which are proving a great attraction in Paris now.

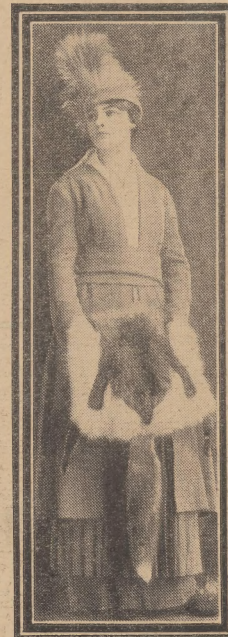
## HOLLAND'S QUEEN INSPECTS TROOPS.

P. 135



The Queen of Holland inspecting her soldiers. Though at peace with all the world, Holland has had to mobilise her army in readiness to defend her neutrality should the need arise.

## A NEW MUFF.



Afternoon toilette with something new in the way of muffs. —(Creation, Redfern.)

## NEW PAR



Paris, now that the first show of all those pretty things w even



TIONS.

# HORSE USES A TROOPER AS A PILLOW.

9331D



It is not unusual for a man to make a pillow of his horse, but it is very rarely that the horse turns the tables and makes a pillow of the man. This picture, taken at the front, shows a tired horse resting its head con-

tentedly on its master. The animal is just dropping off to sleep and, judging by the happy smile on its face, is well pleased with itself, and anticipates a comfortable night's rest.

## MILITARY BODICE.



The influence of war. Bodice with quite a military cut.—(Martial et Armand.)

## WILL HE GET THE IRON CROSS?

9-38D



This small boy, attired in service uniform, is allowed to mount guard outside the Crown Prince's palace in Berlin. He has so far been overlooked during the distributions of Iron Crosses.

## JEWISH RECRUITS.

P-16849



Colonel de Lara Cohen, the chairman and military organizer of the Jewish Recruiting Committee.

## BIGAMY CHARGE.

P-16948



Raymond de Lafaye Biard, who is alleged to have gone through a ceremony of marriage with a ward in Chancery.

resumed the making  
s heart. This is an



# 1915

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These are exactly half their original Prices and well worth securing early.

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# THIS MORNING'S GOSSIP

## India's Loyalty.

Many months ago I was discussing with an old Anglo-Indian that ever fruitful subject, the future of India. He had known the country for nearly half a century, and his father had known it before him. He had a very shrewd idea of the Indian character, and one of the things he foretold for me has come to pass. "It wants a big war and real danger to test the Indian princes," he said, "and when that time comes I don't know any that will break, but I know some who will pour out their treasure to the last piece if needs be." And one of those he named was the Maharajah Scindia of Gwalior.



Maharajah Scindia of Gwalior

## Huge Gifts.

And now it seems that hardly a week passes but we read of some new gift of this ruler. Just after Christmas it was a convalescent home for troops in East Africa he had given; a few days before, a fleet of motor-vehicles; yesterday, a gigantic gift of cigarettes, sufficient to supply the Indian troops for three months.

## A Warning to Traitors.

The Maharajah Scindia is a Hindu prince who has ever been a keen supporter of the British rule. Some four or five years ago, I remember, he issued a strong proclamation of warning to his subjects, in which he said that anyone who sought to subvert the King-Emperor's Government was "a contemptible ingrate and traitor."

## Dismounted at Full Gallop.

At a gymkhana at Hurlingham in the Coronation year he performed a really marvellous feat of horsemanship. The ground was crowded with spectators, and during a tent-pegging contest the Maharajah lost control of his horse, which bolted at full gallop for a hurdle fence about forty yards away. Behind the fence a crowd of spectators was sitting, and a ghastly accident seemed imminent. But as the terrified animal neared the fence the prince, regardless of the speed at which it was travelling, dismounted and, throwing his full weight upon the horse, brought the horse up within 36in. of the hurdle. It was a thrilling moment, but a triumph of pluck and skill.

## "Schwester Susie."

"Sister Susie" is driving everybody to emulation. After "Knitting Netty Knitting Knick-knacks," I have had a fearful effort all about "Fighting Flora" from a correspondent, and now Hermann Darewski, who helped to write the original "Sister Susie," has broken out into German. This is his version as the Huns would sing it:—

Schwester Susie sitzt und für Soldaten,  
Solch süsse Sachen neht Sie von Flanel und Samt  
so roth.  
Soldaten sagen Freunde sind die Hemden zu die  
Feinde.  
Weil Sie sehen uns so schrecklich und Sie beissen  
uns zu Todt.

## What It Is All About.

In case you are too patriotic to read German in these days, it means that Sister Susie's making things for soldiers which the soldiers would prefer to be given to the enemy, because they are so "frightful," as the Kaiser would say. Or words to that effect.

## Dockers at the Front.

The London dock labourer, who as a worker in his own line is beyond compare, is playing his little part in the affairs of war beyond the Channel. He went out in fairly large quantities quite early in the proceedings. At first, so an ordnance officer tells me, he was not quite used to the military methods of inducing work, and his labours were not performed with that expedition and capacity which have made him respected the world over. In fact, relations were getting somewhat strained.

## The Change.

Then, one day a remarkable change came over things. It was when the unfortunate Belgian refugees began to arrive at the French ports. The sad and heartbreaking scenes that the dockers saw so shocked and affected them that they set to work on their own without any coercion, and performed prodigies of unloading that no orders could ever have got out of them. To-day they are an important and worthy link in the great chain of organisation.

## Saxons—Not Prussians.

Just before the end of the year two French airmen went out on a reconnoitring trip and flew over the Yser. The Germans gave them a very warm reception, and only one of the Frenchmen got back home. He reported: "I just managed to get away. When I looked back I saw poor Senouque surrounded by bursting shells and above him were two Aviatiks in hot pursuit." Several days went by, and everybody gave the missing airman up for dead.

## News from the Clouds.

On New Year's morning, however, a German Albatross came out of the clouds above the French lines. It was saluted by mitrailleuses, but in reply only dropped a little packet to which was attached a tricolour pennant. An officer picked it up and read: "The Saxon airmen X and Y present their friendly greetings and best wishes for the new year to their French airmen comrades, and beg to inform them that the pilot Senouque and Lieutenant X are prisoners and being well treated by us." It will be noted that the chivalrous airmen were Saxons, not Prussians.

## The Inhuman Man.

A lucky friend of mine announced to me the other day that he was going off to the Riviera for a few weeks. In my jealousy I assured him he would never get there—and I almost hoped he wouldn't. It doesn't seem human for people to go away to the sunshine in these days—and brag about it.

## You Can Still Go There.

But apparently my friend reached the Azure Coast safely, and he sends me an account of his experiences on the journey, which, in view of the circumstances, are surprising in that he seems to have had no difficulties whatever. "Although the line runs for many miles almost parallel with and not very far away from the trenches," he writes, "one hardly knew it, and one's chief difficulty was in getting out of England and satisfying all the authorities at Victoria Station that one's papers were in order."

## Didn't Mind the Wet.

He seems to have had a terribly rough Channel crossing, the one bright spot of which, he says, was a "Tommy" going back from his leave who sat on deck all the way across, and, though soaked by spray and breaking waves, played "Tipperary" on a mouth organ from Folkestone to Boulogne.

## The Race for Food.

Beyond Paris the journey is perfectly normal, to Paris the chief inconvenience is the lack of corridor trains. There was a restaurant car on the train and passengers were told that lunch would be ready at the first station. "When the train did stop," he writes, "we were nearly all on the line ready to bolt for the dining car—when we discovered we were on the line. The train was not in a station. However, when we did reach a station there was a grand race. A Frenchman finished first, a hospital nurse second, and I third."

## Somewhere the Sun is Shining.

After that he begins to talk about the end of the journey and the sunshine and all sorts of things that make me mighty envious to read. But although I cannot go there it is good to know that the sun still shines by Cap Martin and over the blue sea that ripples on the Riviera shore. In these days the Riviera we used to know seems so very far away.

## The Careful Steward.

The scrupulous honesty of public authorities has amazed a correspondent whose child has just returned home after spending twelve weeks in hospital. A list of clothing, etc., belonging to the child, and "now in possession of this board," was forwarded to the parents. The second article named was—you would never guess it—"a piece of rag"! It appears that, unwittingly, the child had taken a tiny odd piece of linen with her, and that it had been duly catalogued by the methodical steward.

## "State News."

Among yesterday's contributions to the Prince of Wales's Fund, I hear, was the sum of 35s. sent by a Kensington boy, who wrote that it was "collected by writing up each week's war news and letting our friends read for the small fee of 3d." The name of the paper was called the *State News*, as it came out at the end of each week. "My sister and I also collected some more money by making ourselves generally useful," the youngster added.

## Tobacco for the Soldiers.

What an "Eye-Witness" saw in Paris. Two midinettes entered a bar where tobacco is sold and ordered one cup of coffee, which they shared and paid for with a penny. Then, to the surprise of "Eye-Witness," they bought three halfpenny-worth of cigarettes. "What shocking perversity!" he murmured. But he was wrong, for the girls dropped them into a box marked "Tobacco for our soldiers."

## Grand Football Progress.

Yesterday marked one of the best of our football days. "We made progress all along the line," as the communiqués put it. Yesterday brought in nineteen more footballs and enough money to buy many more. The total stands now at 869, and the 1,000 is very appreciably nearer.

## Thanks to the Music-Halls.

Yesterday was a music-hall favourite with the most popular of our music-hall favourites sent up splendid reinforcements. George Robey, who, we all know, is a fine footballer as well as a fine comedian, sent me ten, and Miss Florrie Ford, who is playing at Liverpool



Miss Florrie Ford.



Mr. George Robey.

this week, sent me £7 17s. 9d., the proceeds of the sale of her postcards at the Sheffield Hippodrome, to be devoted to buying footballs for "Tommy." This sum will provide about twenty footballs, which will mean amusement for quite 1,000 men. To both these generous artists I offer, on behalf of "Tommy" in the trenches, my very best thanks.

## Hor First English Show.

The first appearance of Florrie Ford in England was made under rather depressing circumstances. She had come over from Australia and was practically unknown. Somebody got her a trial show at the London Pavilion. The place was very cold, the orchestra was very tired. There was only the manager for audience. He stopped her after the first verse and chorus. "What's the matter?" said the agent. "Nothing," said the management; "she's engaged."

## An Indian Soldier Wants One.

Among yesterday's applications was one from an Indian soldier in hospital in this country. He writes, in excellent English:—"Could you please send us a football? We are thirty-five in number, and belong to the 6th Poona Regiment, India." I am sending him a football to-day. Another of my letters yesterday was in acknowledgment of a ball from a Guardsman who says:—"... we are at present in trenches only seventy yards from the Huns, so the ground is not quite long enough, and their goal-keeper has a machine gun!"

## For All on Active Service.

I think we shall soon have the 1,000 now, which is good news for Mr. Atkins. And here I should like to make it clear to him that these footballs are for all soldiers on active service, not only for men at the front, although they naturally are supplied first. So long as my readers continue so generously to supply footballs I can send one to any detachment that really needs one and will let me know.

## Rather Rough.

It is playing the game? I read the other day that a new play, Mr. Owen Davis's melodrama, "Sinners," was produced for the first time. Sing Sing, the famous American prison, before an audience of 1,600 convicts. Of course, it may have been a splendid performance, for all I know—I have never seen it—but, again, it may not.

## Not in the Sentence.

To inflict some plays I have seen upon a helpless audience of convicts would seem to me to savour strongly of torture. After all, even a convict deserves some consideration. To have to sit through new plays without being able to protest—or leave—adds new terrors to the ordinary sentence which the "old lag" expects. THE RAMBLER.

## NO MORE COLD FEET

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# Hindenburg's Fight With His Polish Enemy—the Mud: Picture

WHAT Women Are Wear-  
ing This Winter:  
Pretty New Creations From  
Paris : : : Pictures.

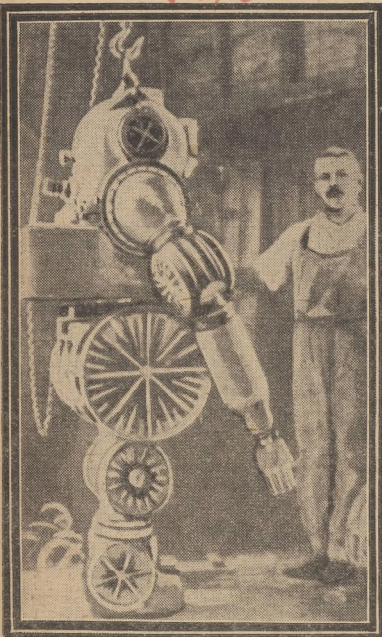
## The Daily Mirror

CERTIFIED CIRCULATION LARGER THAN ANY OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD

HOIST With Their Own  
Petard: Germans Re-  
build a Bridge They Have  
Destroyed : : : Picture.

### TO UNKNOWN DEPTHS.

4.1072



New diving apparatus which, it is claimed, will enable men to explore with ease depths as yet unknown. It is an American invention.

### GERMAN SHELLS WHICH WERE MEANT TO TERRIFY.

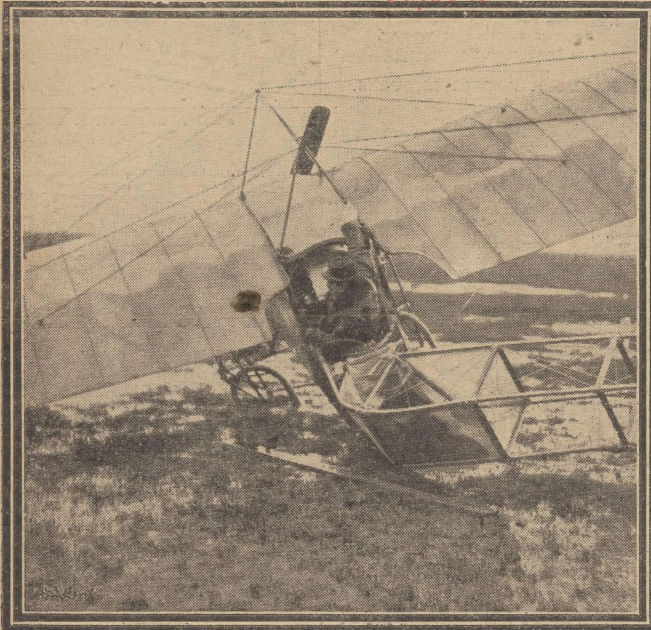
4.1120 M



The black patch of smoke is made by a "coal box," which is in the act of bursting. These "coal boxes" are the shells with which the Germans hoped to break the morale of the British troops. The Huns lacked insight into character, however, and never realised that "Tommy" would make fun of their weapons.

### WINGED! AIRMAN BROUGHT TO EARTH.

4.11703 H



An Allies' aeroplane brought down in the north of France. British and French airmen are doing splendid work at the front, and seldom come to grief, being most skilful in avoiding hostile shells and bullets.

### ALGERIAN HERO BURIED IN PARIS.

4.6147



Ali Bouchacha, the Algerian rifleman who died for the mother country (France), was buried in Paris. The coffin was borne by men of colour, and many of the dead man's comrades were present.—(Daily Mirror photograph.)

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